CALL THE MEETING TO ORDER

Council President Bromberg called the Virtual Council meeting via GoToMeeting to order at 7:30pm.

SALUTE TO FLAG

Council President Bromberg asked all in attendance to join him in a Salute to the Flag.

SUNSHINE LAW STATEMENT

Council President Bromberg read the Sunshine Statement into the record, as follows:

“In accordance with the provisions set forth in the Open Public Meetings Law, notification of this meeting has been sent to all officially appointed Township newspapers and notice is posted at the Municipal Office.”

ROLL CALL

Councilman Ben-Yishay, Councilman Criscuolo, Councilwoman Sieg and Council President Bromberg were present. Councilman Donovan was absent.

Also present: Mayor Glen Jasionowski, Township Attorney Silvana Raso, Business Administrator/CFO Gennaro Rotella, Township Engineer Chris Statile and Township Clerk Karen Campanelli.

Mayor’s Comments

Mayor Jasionowski reported that at this time there are 111 active cases of Covid-19 and 10 fatalities in the Township. He added that the numbers have been consistent for the past few days and he hopes they start leveling off.

The Mayor next reported that Town Hall continues to operate and provide any services that we can legally. Gennaro and the team have come up with a process that allows us to continue to issue permits; this will help prevent a backlog of work and keep the work moving. He further reported that Town Hall has been modified; there are now glass partitions at each counter as you enter the common area. He also reported that they have an adequate amount of masks that should last six months to a year; they have also ordered laser thermometers. The Mayor commented that Gennaro is working on a plan for when we reopen on how we can limit and still bring people into the building safely.

Mayor Jasionowski reported that last week they opened the fields; with the exception of the football and baseball fields and the tennis and basketball courts. He continued that this weekend all should be open with the exception of the basketball courts. The Mayor added that there can be no organized activities on the fields and all the coaches have been notified.

The Mayor reported our tax collection rate is at 84% which is better than he anticipated and better than the surrounding communities.

He concluded that the staff is healthy and safe and everyone is recovered that was sick.

Council Comments

Councilman Ben-Yishay commented that he is happy to see everyone is staying healthy.

Mayor Jasionowski reported that as part of our COAH settlement the Township went out to bid on the properties next to where the Police Department is planned. He added that Gennaro, Chris and Silvana did a tremendous job putting together the bid document. The Mayor explained that they broke out the bid into the affordable housing component, where the police department will be and the fair market value units. He further reported that they received several responses. Mr. Rotella reported that they received (3) responses for the 24 units and one (1) for the 12 units. The Mayor continued that one developer bid on both pieces. The developer did a great presentation and you’ll see a resolution on the agenda this evening allowing Gennaro, Silvana and himself to start negotiating with the developer. Mr. Rotella clarified they will be
receiving $1.4 million for the property. The Mayor thanked everyone for all their effort especially with the short timeline.

Councilwoman Sieg had no comments this evening.

Councilman Criscuolo had no comments this evening.

Council President Bromberg commented that he is glad to hear everything is running smoothly.

Business Administrator's Report

Mr. Rotella reported that the Capital ordinance passed at the last meeting and he has asked Chris to put together the bid spec for the Road Program with the intention of starting the work as soon as possible.

Engineer's Report

Mr. Statile reported that his staff and their families are all doing well. He next reported that they are working on five contracts; the first being the Road Program. His staff is working on the specifications for the Veteran's Park project, the Miniature Golf Course and the Bunker Improvements at the Golf Course.

Mr. Statile is also reviewing the plans for the New Concepts for Living Home on Cedar Lane. Councilwoman Sieg questioned if they were applying for grant money for the EMS Park. Mr. Rotella responded that they are looking at replacing the pavers in the front section of the Park and the fountain is also in need of some work.

1st Hearing of the Public

Motion by Councilwoman Sieg; second by Councilman Criscuolo to open the meeting to the public.

There being no questions or comments from the public. Motion by Councilman Criscuolo; second by Councilman Ben-Yishay to close the meeting to the public.

RESOLUTIONS

Motion by Councilman Ben-Yishay; second by Councilwoman Sieg to approve Resolution #2020-116 through #2020-127 as a Consent Agenda as follows:

Resolution #2020-116

RESOLUTION APPROVING MINUTES APRIL 27, 2020 REGULAR MEETING

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that the minutes of the April 27, 2020 Regular meeting of the Township Council are hereby approved.

Resolution #2020-117

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE TAX COLLECTOR TO ISSUE ESTIMATED TAX BILLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH P.L. 1994, c. 72

WHEREAS, pursuant to NJSA 54:4-66.2, which permits the Tax Collector to issue an estimated tax bill for the third installment of taxes in a calendar year when the tax rate has not yet been certified; and

WHEREAS, the County Tax Board of Taxation has not certified the tax rate at this time and the Tax Collector will be unable to mail the tax bills on a timely basis; and

WHEREAS, the Tax Collector, in consultation with the Chief Financial Officer, has computed an estimate tax levy in accordance with N.J.S.A. 54:4-6.3; and
WHEREAS, it is desirous of the Township of River Vale to issue estimated tax bills for the third installment of taxes payable to the Township in 2020 to ensure timely and consistent billings to the taxpayers; and

WHEREAS, the Township estimates a total Tax Levy of $54,720,944, inclusive of the County, Local School, Regional School, and Municipal Levies.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Governing Body of the Township of River Vale as follows:

1. The Tax Collector be and is hereby authorized and directed to prepare and issue estimated tax bills for the third installment bill for 2020 taxes. The tax collector shall proceed and take such actions as are permitted and required by New Jersey statutes, specifically N.J.S.A. 54:4-66.2 and 54:4-66.3.

2. The entire estimated tax levy for 2020 is hereby set at $54,720,944 and the estimated tax rate is set at $2.613.

3. In accordance with the law, the third installment of 2020 taxes shall not be subject to interest until the later of August 10 or the 25th calendar day after the date the estimated tax bills are mailed.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of the resolution be filed with the New Jersey Division of Local Government Services and with the Bergen County Board of Taxation.

Resolution #2020-118
RESOLUTION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF RIVER VALE EXTENDING THE TAX GRACE PERIOD FOR THE SECOND QUARTER 2020 PROPERTY TAXES

WHEREAS, by Executive Order No. 130, Governor Philip D. Murphy has authorized municipalities to extend the grace period for the payment of second quarter 2020 property taxes; and

WHEREAS, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the State and Federal declarations of a major disaster throughout New Jersey, the Township Council of the Township of River Vale wishes to authorize this extension of the grace period for River Vale taxpayers.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale, in the County of Bergen, that the grace period for the payment of property taxes for the second quarter 2020 is hereby extended to June 1, 2020.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that payments received after the extended June 1, 2020 grace period will be charged interest from the May 1, 2020 due date.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, this Resolution shall be published in its entirety once in the official newspaper of the Township of River Vale and a copy of this adopted Resolution forwarded to the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs.

Resolution #2020-119
REFUND
(Pre-K T-Ball & Field Hockey Registration Fees)

WHEREAS, as a result of the COVID-19 crisis both the T-Ball and Field Hockey programs have been canceled and refunds are due to those residents who paid the registration fee; and

WHEREAS, the Treasurer has certified the availability of funds in the Recreation Account.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that said refunds are approved and the Treasurer is hereby authorized to issue municipal checks payable as follows:

T-Ball Refunds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Refund Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Michele Lee</td>
<td>557 Sylvan Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mariel Lennon</td>
<td>808 Arcadia Place</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elissa Hochberg</td>
<td>521 Roosevelt Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Minutes May 11, 2020 Council Meeting

### Refunds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demetra Binder</td>
<td>703 Beechcrest</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flavia Gardiner</td>
<td>620 Blakeney Place</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kelly Adeboye</td>
<td>517 Herrmann Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jennifer Gailing</td>
<td>569 Thurnau Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rochelle Peterson</td>
<td>266 Ford Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lynn Wolf</td>
<td>537 Dorchester Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traci Stevenson</td>
<td>601 Stellman Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michele Ortiz</td>
<td>564 Roosevelt Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michelle Diomede</td>
<td>714 Tulip Place</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leona Morgan</td>
<td>505 Rehill Court</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melissa Bruni-Vukajlovic</td>
<td>525 Herrmann Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeff Fischer</td>
<td>553 Colonial Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### T-Ball Refunds (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kathleen Cunningham</td>
<td>648 Orangeburgh Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louana Lustberg</td>
<td>221 Rockland Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jillian Napolitano</td>
<td>723 Tiffany Avenue</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lisa Murray</td>
<td>801 Clauss Lane</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dana Apostol</td>
<td>626 Stanley Place</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dennis Lowenfels</td>
<td>272 River Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kate Cremonese</td>
<td>821 Marshall Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomoko Arricale</td>
<td>620 Florence Road</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daniel Ludeiro</td>
<td>534 Alosio Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christine Schneider</td>
<td>633 Rita Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catherine Romero</td>
<td>645 Dechar Court</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jenna Marfino</td>
<td>662 Jones Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savannah Dolianitis</td>
<td>612 Thurnau Drive</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hrag Chalian</td>
<td>262 Ford Avenu</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joseph Katakowski</td>
<td>555 Elizabeth Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noelle Grskovic</td>
<td>712 Westwood Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kimberly Rafferty</td>
<td>515 Rehill Court</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marnie Zansitis</td>
<td>217 Cedar Lane</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heather Wider</td>
<td>564 Egan Terrace</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jennifer Weber</td>
<td>573 Green Lane</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beth Stern</td>
<td>528 Alosio Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amanda Etlinger</td>
<td>95 Pine Street</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeffery Binder</td>
<td>497 Rehill Court</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melissa Boretti</td>
<td>837 Berkshire Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosalie Booth</td>
<td>327 Spring Street</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shannon Moloney</td>
<td>619 Charles Court</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krista Baumuller</td>
<td>760 Orangeburgh Road</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monica Shekitka</td>
<td>508 Brook Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marion Porter Rausch</td>
<td>718 Westwood Avenue</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allison Franzese</td>
<td>765 Westwood Avenue</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elizabeth Sklerov</td>
<td>305 Spring Street</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Jose</td>
<td>619 Bernita Drive</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ashley Dombkowski</td>
<td>298 Cedar Lane</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### T-Ball Refunds (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nicolette Gifford</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Resolution #2020-120

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Township Council of the Township of River Vale hereby authorizes the Business Administrator to obtain estimates for property maintenance at the following property which has been deemed a hazardous condition:

- 650 Caruso Lane (Block 2206, Lot 39)

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that upon the completion of the work the costs be forwarded to the Tax Collector in order for a lien for said work be attached to the above mentioned property.

Resolution #2020-121

RESOLUTION WAIVING THE JOINT PLANNING BOARD AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT FEES FOR NEW CONCEPTS FOR LIVING GROUP HOME

WHEREAS, the Property located at 436 Cedar Lane (Block 1301, Lot 38.01) in the Township of River Vale is owned by New Concepts, a non-profit organization that owns and operates housing for developmentally disabled persons; and

WHEREAS, New Concepts is submitting plans to the Joint Planning Board for the construction of a five (5) bedroom low income home which is eligible for credits towards the Township’s affordable housing obligation; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Council wish to waive any fees charged by the Joint Planning Board and Building Department for the construction of the New Concepts for Living Group Home; and

WHEREAS, any Engineering and Legal fees would not be waived by the Township.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that any Joint Planning Board and Building Department fees incurred by New Concepts for the construction of a group home located at 436 Cedar Lane in the Township are hereby waived.

Resolution #2020-122

Resolution: Approval to submit a grant application and execute a grant agreement with the New Jersey Department of Transportation for the for the Reconstruction of Central Avenue
WHEREAS, the Township of River Vale desires to receive $328,500.00 in funds from the New Jersey Department of Transportation Highway Trust Fund for the purpose of full construction and making safety improvements along Central Avenue; and

WHEREAS, the Township Engineer has developed a plan of action and cost estimate to improve Central Avenue and key intersections through the addition of drainage, curbing, and widening;

WHEREAS, the project will also improve safety to the local schools and commuter lines, thus leveraging the requested funds.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Council of the Township of River Vale, formally approves the grant application for the above stated project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to submit an electronic grant application MA-2021-River Vale Township-00066 to the New Jersey Department of Transportation on behalf of the Township of River Vale.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to sign the grant agreement on behalf of the Township of River Vale and that their signature constitutes acceptance of the terms and conditions of the grant agreement and approves the execution of the grant agreement.

Resolution #2020-123

Resolution: Approval to submit a grant application and execute a grant agreement with the New Jersey Department of Transportation for the Reconstruction of Wittich Terrace and Thurnau Drive

WHEREAS, the Township of River Vale desires to receive $323,800.00 in funds from the New Jersey Department of Transportation Highway Trust Fund for the purpose of making safety improvements along Wittich Terrace and Thurnau Drive; and

WHEREAS, the Township Engineer has developed a plan of action and cost estimate to improve Wittich Terrace and Thurnau Drive and key intersections through the addition of new guardrail, bridge rehabilitation and other physical complementary safety improvements; and

WHEREAS, the project will also improve safety to the local schools and commuter lines, thus leveraging the requested funds.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Council of the Township of River Vale, formally approves the grant application for the above stated project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to submit an electronic grant application MA-2021-River Vale Township-00065 to the New Jersey Department of Transportation on behalf of the Township of River Vale.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to sign the grant agreement on behalf of the Township of River Vale and that their signature constitutes acceptance of the terms and conditions of the grant agreement and approves the execution of the grant agreement.

Resolution #2020-124

RESOLUTION SELECTING A DEVELOPER FOR THE INCLUSIONARY DEVELOPMENT OF 12 FOR SALE AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS

WHEREAS, on April 16, 2020 the Township received proposals for the Inclusionary Development of 12 For Sale Affordable Housing Units located on a portion of Block 701, Lot 5 on Rivervale Road; and

WHEREAS, the Township of River Vale desires to sell a portion of property to then be developed as an inclusionary site. The affordable housing units shall be developed and managed in conformance with the COAH regulations pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:93 et seq., Uniform Housing Affordability Controls ("UHAC") per N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., the River Vale Township Housing Element and Fair Share Plan and all associated ordinances adopted by the Township of River Vale in conjunction with the settlement of the matter In Re Fair Share Housing Obligation of the Township of River Vale, BER-L-6277-15, and all applicable state and federal accessibility regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Administration has reviewed the proposals and recommends the selection of
M&M Development LLC & ALM Consulting Group LLC
103 Magazine Street
Newark, NJ 07105

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Township Council of the Township of River Vale hereby selects M&M Development LLC and ALM Consulting Group LLC as the Developer of 12 for Sale Affordable Housing Units subject to the negotiation and execution of a contract approved by the Township Attorney.

Resolution #2020-125

RESOLUTION SELECTING A DEVELOPER FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF 24 FAMILY RENTAL 100% AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS

WHEREAS, on April 16, 2020 the Township received proposals for the Development of 24 Family Rental 100% Affordable Housing Units located on a portion of Block 701, Lot 5 on Rivervale Road in the Township of River Vale; and

WHEREAS, the Township of River Vale desires to sell a portion of property to then be developed as an inclusionary site. The affordable housing units shall be developed and managed in conformance with the COAH regulations pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:93 et seq., Uniform Housing Affordability Controls ("UHAC") per N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., the River Vale Township Housing Element and Fair Share Plan and all associated ordinances adopted by the Township of River Vale in conjunction with the settlement of the matter In Re Fair Share Housing Obligation of the Township of River Vale, BER-L-6277-15, and all applicable state and federal accessibility regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Administration has reviewed the proposals and recommends the selection of

M&M Development LLC & ALM Consulting Group LLC
103 Magazine Street
Newark, NJ 07105

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Township Council of the Township of River Vale hereby selects M&M Development LLC and ALM Consulting Group LLC as the Developer of 24 Family Rental 100% Affordable Housing Units subject to the negotiation and execution of a contract approved by the Township Attorney.

Resolution #2020-126

RESOLUTION APPROVING AND MATCHING FUNDING FOR THE NEW JERSEY LIBRARY CONSTRUCTION BOND ACT GRANT APPLICATION

WHEREAS, the Library Board wishes to expand the Library's Community Room, perform repairs to the building and renovate the rear patio by applying for funding through the New Jersey Construction Bond Act; and

WHEREAS, as part of the Application process the Library Board requires a commitment of funds from the Township to match the Library's contribution to the project as follows:

| Estimated Cost of Project: | $1,513,512 |
| Construction Grant: | $756,756 |
| Library Funds: | $300,000 |
| **Township Commitment:** | **$456,756** |

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Township Council are in support of the needed improvements to the Library Building and the many benefits these improvements will bring the residents.

WHEREAS, it is the Township’s intention to bond for the requested matching funds in the amount of $456,756.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Township Council of the Township of River Vale hereby approves matching the funding in the amount of $456,756 for the New Jersey Library Construction Bond Act Grant Application for the River Vale Library.

Resolution #2020-127

PAYMENT OF BILLS
BE IT RESOLVED by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that the Business Administrator is hereby authorized to pay the following claims:

CURRENT ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $367,453.49
RESERVE CURRENT ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $287.00
GOLF COURSE UTILITY OPERATING ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $38,261.53
RESERVE GOLF COURSE UTILITY OPERATING ACCT claims in the amount of: $1,645.56
ANIMAL TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $4.20
TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $287.00
RECREATION TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $38,261.53
PRIVATE DUTY TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,645.56
ACCUMULATED ABSENCE TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $750.00
HOUSING TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $130,389.41
GOLF COURSE UTILITY CAPITAL ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $20,057.78
OPEN SPACE TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $520.00
PLANNING BOARD TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $101.25
SPECIAL TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $616.25
TOTAL CLAIMS TO BE PAID $540,028.69

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that the following claims have been paid by the Business Administrator prior to the Bill List Resolution in the following amounts:

CURRENT ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $3,342,015.59
RESERVE CURRENT ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $20,057.78
GOLF COURSE UTILITY OPERATING ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,600.00
RESERVE GOLF COURSE UTILITY OPERATING ACCT claims in the amount of: $1,963.86
ACCUMULATED ABSENCE TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $28,967.03
ANIMAL TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,645.56
RECREATION TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $101.25
PRIVATE DUTY TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $616.25
PAYROLL AGENCY TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,963.86
SUPPORT ACCESS TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $616.25
JUNIOR POLICE ACADEMY TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,963.86
GOLF COURSE UTILITY CAPITAL ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $101.25
SPECIAL TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $616.25
CAPITAL ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,645.56
BUILDERS ESCROW ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $616.25
PLANNING BOARD TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $1,645.56
ZONING BOARD TRUST ACCOUNT claims in the amount of: $616.25
TOTAL CLAIMS PAID $3,394,604.26
TOTAL BILL LIST RESOLUTION $3,934,632.95

MANUAL DISBURSEMENTS
BILL LIST FOR MAY 11, 2020

4/30/2020 Transfer Payroll $254,393.72

TOTAL STATUTORY ACCOUNT DISTRIBUTIONS $254,393.72

ROLL CALL VOTE
Councilman Ben-Yishay, Councilman Criscuolo, Councilwoman Sieg and Council President Bromberg voted yes. Councilman Donovan was absent.
Ordinances for 1st Reading

ORDINANCE #369-2020

Motion to Introduce: Councilman Ben-Yishay
Second: Councilwoman Sieg

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWNSHIP OF RIVER VALE REPLACING CHAPTER 212 OF THE CODE ENTITLED “STORMWATER MANAGEMENT” IN ITS ENTIRETY

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Township Council of the Township of River Vale that Chapter 212 of the Township Code is hereby replaced in its entirety as follows:

212 Stormwater Control

212.1 Scope and Purpose:

A. Policy Statement

Flood control, groundwater recharge, and pollutant reduction shall be achieved through the use of stormwater management measures, including green infrastructure Best Management Practices (GI BMPs) and nonstructural stormwater management strategies. GI BMPs and low impact development (LID) should be utilized to meet the goal of maintaining natural hydrology to reduce stormwater runoff volume, reduce erosion, encourage infiltration and groundwater recharge, and reduce pollution. GI BMPs and LID should be developed based upon physical site conditions and the origin, nature and the anticipated quantity, or amount, of potential pollutants. Multiple stormwater management BMPs may be necessary to achieve the established performance standards for water quality, quantity, and groundwater recharge.

B. Purpose

The purpose of this ordinance is to establish minimum stormwater management requirements and controls for “major development,” as defined below in Section 212.2.

C. Applicability

1. This ordinance shall be applicable to the following major developments:
   a. Non-residential major developments; and
   b. Aspects of residential major developments that are not pre-empted by the Residential Site Improvement Standards at N.J.A.C. 5:21.

2. This ordinance shall also be applicable to all major developments undertaken by the Township of River Vale.

D. Compatibility with Other Permit and Ordinance Requirements

Development approvals issued pursuant to this ordinance are to be considered an integral part of development approvals and do not relieve the applicant of the responsibility to secure required permits or approvals for activities regulated by any other applicable code, rule, act, or ordinance. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this ordinance shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety, and general welfare.

This ordinance is not intended to interfere with, abrogate, or annul any other ordinances, rule or regulation, statute, or other provision of law except that, where any provision of this ordinance imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other ordinance, rule or regulation, or other provision of law, the more restrictive provisions or higher standards shall control.
212.2 Definitions:

For the purpose of this ordinance, the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the meanings stated herein unless their use in the text of this Chapter clearly demonstrates a different meaning. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future, words used in the plural number include the singular number, and words used in the singular number include the plural number. The word “shall” is always mandatory and not merely directory. The definitions below are the same as or based on the corresponding definitions in the Stormwater Management Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:8-1.2.

“CAFRA Centers, Cores or Nodes” means those areas with boundaries incorporated by reference or revised by the Department in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7-13.16.

“CAFRA Planning Map” means the map used by the Department to identify the location of Coastal Planning Areas, CAFRA centers, CAFRA cores, and CAFRA nodes. The CAFRA Planning Map is available on the Department’s Geographic Information System (GIS).

“Community basin” means an infiltration system, sand filter designed to infiltrate, standard constructed wetland, or wet pond, established in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.2(c)14, that is designed and constructed in accordance with the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, or an alternate design, approved in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2(g), for an infiltration system, sand filter designed to infiltrate, standard constructed wetland, or wet pond and that complies with the requirements of this chapter.

“Compaction” means the increase in soil bulk density.

“Contributory drainage area” means the area from which stormwater runoff drains to a stormwater management measure, not including the area of the stormwater management measure itself.

“Core” means a pedestrian-oriented area of commercial and civic uses serving the surrounding municipality, generally including housing and access to public transportation.

“County review agency” means an agency designated by the County Board of Chosen Freeholders to review municipal stormwater management plans and implementing ordinance(s). The county review agency may either be:

1. A county planning agency or
2. A county water resource association created under N.J.S.A 58:16A-55.5, if the ordinance or resolution delegates authority to approve, conditionally approve, or disapprove municipal stormwater management plans and implementing ordinances.

“Department” means the Department of Environmental Protection.

“Designated Center” means a State Development and Redevelopment Plan Center as designated by the State Planning Commission such as urban, regional, town, village, or hamlet.

“Design engineer” means a person professionally qualified and duly licensed in New Jersey to perform engineering services that may include, but not necessarily be limited to, development of project requirements, creation and development of project design and preparation of drawings and specifications.

“Development” means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation or enlargement of any building or structure, any mining excavation or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission is required under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.
In the case of development of agricultural land, development means: any activity that
requires a State permit, any activity reviewed by the County Agricultural Board (CAB) and the
State Agricultural Development Committee (SADC), and municipal review of any activity not
exempted by the Right to Farm Act , N.J.S.A 4:1C-1 et seq.

“Disturbance” means the placement or reconstruction of impervious surface or motor vehicle
surface, or exposure and/or movement of soil or bedrock or clearing, cutting, or removing of
vegetation. Milling and repaving is not considered disturbance for the purposes of this
definition.

“Drainage area” means a geographic area within which stormwater, sediments, or dissolved
materials drain to a particular receiving waterbody or to a particular point along a receiving
waterbody.

“Environmentally constrained area” means the following areas where the physical alteration of
the land is in some way restricted, either through regulation, easement, deed restriction or
ownership such as: wetlands, floodplains, threatened and endangered species sites or
designated habitats, and parks and preserves. Habitats of endangered or threatened species
are identified using the Department’s Landscape Project as approved by the Department’s
Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

“Environmentally critical area” means an area or feature which is of significant environmental
value, including but not limited to: stream corridors, natural heritage priority sites, habitats of
endangered or threatened species, large areas of contiguous open space or upland forest,
steep slopes, and well head protection and groundwater recharge areas. Habitats of
endangered or threatened species are identified using the Department’s Landscape Project as
approved by the Department’s Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

“Empowerment Neighborhoods” means neighborhoods designated by the Urban Coordinating
Council “in consultation and conjunction with” the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority
pursuant to N.J.S.A 55:19-69.

“Erosion” means the detachment and movement of soil or rock fragments by water, wind, ice,
or gravity.

“Green infrastructure” means a stormwater management measure that manages stormwater
close to its source by:

1. Treating stormwater runoff through infiltration into subsoil;
2. Treating stormwater runoff through filtration by vegetation or soil; or
3. Storing stormwater runoff for reuse.

"HUC 14" or “hydrologic unit code 14” means an area within which water drains to a particular
receiving surface water body, also known as a subwatershed, which is identified by a 14-digit
hydrologic unit boundary designation, delineated within New Jersey by the United States
Geological Survey.

“Impervious surface” means a surface that has been covered with a layer of material so that it
is highly resistant to infiltration by water.

“Infiltration” is the process by which water seeps into the soil from precipitation.

“Lead planning agency” means one or more public entities having stormwater management
planning authority designated by the regional stormwater management planning committee
pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:8-3.2, that serves as the primary representative of the committee.
“Major development” means an individual “development,” as well as multiple developments that individually or collectively result in:

1. The disturbance of one or more acres of land since February 2, 2004;
2. The creation of one-quarter acre or more of “regulated impervious surface” since February 2, 2004;
3. The creation of one-quarter acre or more of “regulated motor vehicle surface” since August 1, 2020; or
4. A combination of 2 and 3 above that totals an area of one-quarter acre or more. The same surface shall not be counted twice when determining if the combination area equals one-quarter acre or more.

Major development includes all developments that are part of a common plan of development or sale (for example, phased residential development) that collectively or individually meet any one or more of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, or 4 above. Projects undertaken by any government agency that otherwise meet the definition of “major development” but which do not require approval under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq., are also considered “major development.”

“Motor vehicle” means land vehicles propelled other than by muscular power, such as automobiles, motorcycles, autocycles, and low speed vehicles. For the purposes of this definition, motor vehicle does not include farm equipment, snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, motorized wheelchairs, go-carts, gas buggies, golf carts, ski-slope grooming machines, or vehicles that run only on rails or tracks.

“Motor vehicle surface” means any pervious or impervious surface that is intended to be used by “motor vehicles” and/or aircraft, and is directly exposed to precipitation including, but not limited to, driveways, parking areas, parking garages, roads, racetracks, and runways.

“Municipality” means any city, Township, town, township, or village.

“New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMP) Manual” or “BMP Manual” means the manual maintained by the Department providing, in part, design specifications, removal rates, calculation methods, and soil testing procedures approved by the Department as being capable of contributing to the achievement of the stormwater management standards specified in this chapter. The BMP Manual is periodically amended by the Department as necessary to provide design specifications on additional best management practices and new information on already included practices reflecting the best available current information regarding the particular practice and the Department’s determination as to the ability of that best management practice to contribute to compliance with the standards contained in this chapter. Alternative stormwater management measures, removal rates, or calculation methods may be utilized, subject to any limitations specified in this chapter, provided the design engineer demonstrates to the municipality, in accordance with 212.5.F. of this ordinance and N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2(g), that the proposed measure and its design will contribute to achievement of the design and performance standards established by this chapter.

“Node” means an area designated by the State Planning Commission concentrating facilities and activities which are not organized in a compact form.

“Nutrient” means a chemical element or compound, such as nitrogen or phosphorus, which is essential to and promotes the development of organisms.

“Person” means any individual, corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, political subdivision of this State and any state, interstate or Federal agency.
“Pollutant” means any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, sewage, garbage, refuse, oil, grease, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, medical wastes, radioactive substance (except those regulated under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 2011 et seq.)), thermal waste, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt, industrial, municipal, agricultural, and construction waste or runoff, or other residue discharged directly or indirectly to the land, ground waters or surface waters of the State, or to a domestic treatment works. “Pollutant” includes both hazardous and nonhazardous pollutants.

“Recharge” means the amount of water from precipitation that infiltrates into the ground and is not evaporated.

“Regulated impervious surface” means any of the following, alone or in combination:

1. A net increase of impervious surface;
2. The total area of impervious surface collected by a new stormwater conveyance system (for the purpose of this definition, a “new stormwater conveyance system” is a stormwater conveyance system that is constructed where one did not exist immediately prior to its construction or an existing system for which a new discharge location is created);
3. The total area of impervious surface proposed to be newly collected by an existing stormwater conveyance system; and/or
4. The total area of impervious surface collected by an existing stormwater conveyance system where the capacity of that conveyance system is increased.

“Regulated motor vehicle surface” means any of the following, alone or in combination:

1. The total area of motor vehicle surface that is currently receiving water;
2. A net increase in motor vehicle surface; and/or
   quality treatment either by vegetation or soil, by an existing stormwater management measure, or by treatment at a wastewater treatment plant, where the water quality treatment will be modified or removed.

“Sediment” means solid material, mineral or organic, that is in suspension, is being transported, or has been moved from its site of origin by air, water or gravity as a product of erosion.

“Site” means the lot or lots upon which a major development is to occur or has occurred.

“Soil” means all unconsolidated mineral and organic material of any origin.

“State Development and Redevelopment Plan Metropolitan Planning Area (PA1)” means an area delineated on the State Plan Policy Map and adopted by the State Planning Commission that is intended to be the focus for much of the State’s future redevelopment and revitalization efforts.

“State Plan Policy Map” is defined as the geographic application of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan’s goals and statewide policies, and the official map of these goals and policies.

“Stormwater” means water resulting from precipitation (including rain and snow) that runs off the land’s surface, is transmitted to the subsurface, or is captured by separate storm sewers or other sewage or drainage facilities, or conveyed by snow removal equipment.

“Stormwater management BMP” means an excavation or embankment and related areas designed to retain stormwater runoff. A stormwater management BMP may either be
normally dry (that is, a detention basin or infiltration system), retain water in a permanent pool (a retention basin), or be planted mainly with wetland vegetation (most constructed stormwater wetlands).

“Stormwater management measure” means any practice, technology, process, program, or other method intended to control or reduce stormwater runoff and associated pollutants, or to induce or control the infiltration or groundwater recharge of stormwater or to eliminate illicit or illegal non-stormwater discharges into stormwater conveyances.

“Stormwater runoff” means water flow on the surface of the ground or in storm sewers, resulting from precipitation.

“Stormwater management planning agency” means a public body authorized by legislation to prepare stormwater management plans.

“Stormwater management planning area” means the geographic area for which a stormwater management planning agency is authorized to prepare stormwater management plans, or a specific portion of that area identified in a stormwater management plan prepared by that agency.

“Tidal Flood Hazard Area” means a flood hazard area in which the flood elevation resulting from the two-, 10-, or 100-year storm, as applicable, is governed by tidal flooding from the Atlantic Ocean. Flooding in a tidal flood hazard area may be contributed to, or influenced by, stormwater runoff from inland areas, but the depth of flooding generated by the tidal rise and fall of the Atlantic Ocean is greater than flooding from any fluvial sources. In some situations, depending upon the extent of the storm surge from a particular storm event, a flood hazard area may be tidal in the 100-year storm, but fluvial in more frequent storm events.

“Urban Coordinating Council Empowerment Neighborhood” means a neighborhood given priority access to State resources through the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority.

“Urban Enterprise Zones” means a zone designated by the New Jersey Enterprise Zone Authority pursuant to the New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27H-60 et. seq.

“Urban Redevelopment Area” is defined as previously developed portions of areas:

1. Delineated on the State Plan Policy Map (SPPM) as the Metropolitan Planning Area (PA1), Designated Centers, Cores or Nodes;
2. Designated as CAFRA Centers, Cores or Nodes;
3. Designated as Urban Enterprise Zones; and

“Water control structure” means a structure within, or adjacent to, a water, which intentionally or coincidentally alters the hydraulic capacity, the flood elevation resulting from the two-, 10-, or 100-year storm, flood hazard area limit, and/or floodway limit of the water. Examples of a water control structure may include a bridge, culvert, dam, embankment, ford (if above grade), retaining wall, and weir.

“Waters of the State” means the ocean and its estuaries, all springs, streams, wetlands, and bodies of surface or groundwater, whether natural or artificial, within the boundaries of the State of New Jersey or subject to its jurisdiction.

“Wetlands” or “wetland” means an area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically
adapted for life in saturated soil conditions, commonly known as hydrophytic vegetation.

212.3 Design and Performance Standards for Stormwater Management Measures

A. Stormwater management measures for major development shall be designed to provide erosion control, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity control, and stormwater runoff quality treatment as follows:

2. The minimum standards for groundwater recharge, stormwater quality, and stormwater runoff quantity shall be met by incorporating green infrastructure.

B. The standards in this ordinance apply only to new major development and are intended to minimize the impact of stormwater runoff on water quality and water quantity in receiving water bodies and maintain groundwater recharge. The standards do not apply to new major development to the extent that alternative design and performance standards are applicable under a regional stormwater management plan or Water Quality Management Plan adopted in accordance with Department rules.

212.4 Stormwater Management Requirements for Major Development

A. The development shall incorporate a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development in accordance with Section 212.10.

B. Stormwater management measures shall avoid adverse impacts of concentrated flow on habitat for threatened and endangered species as documented in the Department’s Landscape Project or Natural Heritage Database established under N.J.S.A. 13:1B-15.147 through 15.150, particularly *Helonias bullata* (swamp pink) and/or *Clemmys muhlenbergi* (bog turtle).

C. The following linear development projects are exempt from the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity requirements of Section 212.5.P, Q, and R:

1. The construction of an underground utility line provided that the disturbed areas are revegetated upon completion;
2. The construction of an aboveground utility line provided that the existing conditions are maintained to the maximum extent practicable; and
3. The construction of a public pedestrian access, such as a sidewalk or trail with a maximum width of 14 feet, provided that the access is made of permeable material.

D. A waiver from strict compliance from the green infrastructure, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity requirements of Section 212.4.O, P, Q and R may be obtained for the enlargement of an existing public roadway or railroad; or the construction or enlargement of a public pedestrian access, provided that the following conditions are met:

1. The applicant demonstrates that there is a public need for the project that cannot be accomplished by any other means;
2. The applicant demonstrates through an alternatives analysis, that through the use of stormwater management measures, the option selected complies with the requirements of Section 212.4.O, P, Q and R to the maximum extent practicable;
3. The applicant demonstrates that, in order to meet the requirements of Section 212.4.O, P, Q and R, existing structures currently in use, such as homes and buildings, would need to be condemned; and
4. The applicant demonstrates that it does not own or have other rights to areas, including the potential to obtain through condemnation lands not falling under 212.4.D.3 above within the upstream drainage area of the receiving stream, that would provide additional opportunities to mitigate the requirements of Section 212.4.O, P, Q and R that were not achievable onsite.
E. Tables 1 through 3 below summarize the ability of stormwater best management practices identified and described in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual to satisfy the green infrastructure, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality and stormwater runoff quantity standards specified in Section 212.4.O, P, Q, and R. When designed in accordance with the most current version of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, the stormwater management measures found at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2 (f) Tables 5-1, 5-2 and 5-3 and listed below in Tables 1, 2 and 3 are presumed to be capable of providing stormwater controls for the design and performance standards as outlined in the tables below. Upon amendments of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices to reflect additions or deletions of BMPs meeting these standards, or changes in the presumed performance of BMPs designed in accordance with the New Jersey Stormwater BMP Manual, the Department shall publish in the New Jersey Registers a notice of administrative change revising the applicable table. The most current version of the BMP Manual can be found on the Department’s website at:


F. Where the BMP tables in the NJ Stormwater Management Rule are different due to updates or amendments with the tables in this ordinance the BMP Tables in the Stormwater Management rule at N.J.A.C. 7:B-5.2(f) shall take precedence.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Best Management Practice</th>
<th>Stormwater Runoff Quality TSS Removal Rate (percent)</th>
<th>Stormwater Runoff Quantity</th>
<th>Groundwater Recharge</th>
<th>Minimum Separation from Seasonal High Water Table (feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cistern</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Well (a)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grass Swale</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>2 [(a) 1[(b)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Roof</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufactured Treatment Device (a)(b)</td>
<td>50 or 80</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Dependent upon the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pervious Paving System (a)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>[Yes[(b)] No[(b)]</td>
<td>2 [(b) 1[(c)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small-Scale Bioretention Basin (a)</td>
<td>80 or 90</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>[Yes[(b)] No[(b)]</td>
<td>2 [(b) 1[(c)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small-Scale Infiltration Basin (a)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small-Scale Sand Filter</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetative Filter Strip</td>
<td>60-80</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Notes corresponding to annotations (a) through (g) are found with Table 3)
Table 2  
Green Infrastructure BMPs for Stormwater Runoff Quantity  
(or for Groundwater Recharge and/or Stormwater Runoff Quality  
with a Waiver or Variance from N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Best Management Practice</th>
<th>Stormwater Runoff Quality TSS Removal Rate (percent)</th>
<th>Stormwater Runoff Quantity</th>
<th>Groundwater Recharge</th>
<th>Minimum Separation from Seasonal High Water Table (feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bioretention System</td>
<td>80 or 90</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes(^{(b)}) No(^{(c)})</td>
<td>2(^{(b)}) 1(^{(c)})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infiltration Basin</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sand Filter(^{(b)})</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Constructed Wetland</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wet Pond(^{(d)})</td>
<td>50-90</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Notes corresponding to annotations \(^{(b)}\) through \(^{(d)}\) are found on Page D-15)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Best Management Practice</th>
<th>Stormwater Runoff Quality TSS Removal Rate (percent)</th>
<th>Stormwater Runoff Quantity</th>
<th>Groundwater Recharge</th>
<th>Minimum Separation from Seasonal High Water Table (feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blue Roof</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extended Detention Basin</td>
<td>40-60</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufactured Treatment Device[^5]</td>
<td>50 or 80</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Dependent upon the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sand Filter[^5]</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsurface Gravel Wetland</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wet Pond</td>
<td>50-90</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes to Tables 1, 2, and 3:
(a) subject to the applicable contributory drainage area limitation specified at Section 212.4.0.2;
(b) designed to infiltrate into the subsoil;
(c) designed with underdrains;
(d) designed to maintain at least a 10-foot wide area of native vegetation along at least 50 percent of the shoreline and to include a stormwater runoff retention component designed to capture stormwater runoff for beneficial reuse, such as irrigation;
(e) designed with a slope of less than two percent;
(f) designed with a slope of equal to or greater than two percent;
(g) manufactured treatment devices that meet the definition of green infrastructure at 212.2;
(h) manufactured treatment devices that do not meet the definition of green infrastructure at 212.2.
G. An alternative stormwater management measure, alternative removal rate, and/or alternative method to calculate the removal rate may be used if the design engineer demonstrates the capability of the proposed alternative stormwater management measure and/or the validity of the alternative rate or method to the municipality. A copy of any approved alternative stormwater management measure, alternative removal rate, and/or alternative method to calculate the removal rate shall be provided to the Department in accordance with Section 212.6.B. Alternative stormwater management measures may be used to satisfy the requirements at Section 212.4.O only if the measures meet the definition of green infrastructure at Section 212.2. Alternative stormwater management measures that function in a similar manner to a BMP listed at Section O.2 are subject to the contributory drainage area limitation specified at Section O.2 for that similarly functioning BMP. Alternative stormwater management measures approved in accordance with this subsection that do not function in a similar manner to any BMP listed at Section O.2 shall have a contributory drainage area less than or equal to 2.5 acres, except for alternative stormwater management measures that function similarly to cisterns, grass swales, green roofs, standard constructed wetlands, vegetative filter strips, and wet ponds, which are not subject to a contributory drainage area limitation. Alternative measures that function similarly to standard constructed wetlands or wet ponds shall not be used for compliance with the stormwater runoff quality standard unless a variance in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.6 or a waiver from strict compliance in accordance with Section 212.4.D is granted from Section 212.4.O.

H. Whenever the stormwater management design includes one or more BMPs that will infiltrate stormwater into subsoil, the design engineer shall assess the hydraulic impact on the groundwater table and design the site, so as to avoid adverse hydraulic impacts. Potential adverse hydraulic impacts include, but are not limited to, exacerbating a naturally or seasonally high water table, so as to cause surficial ponding, flooding of basements, or interference with the proper operation of subsurface sewage disposal systems or other subsurface structures within the zone of influence of the groundwater mound, or interference with the proper functioning of the stormwater management measure itself.

I. Design standards for stormwater management measures are as follows:
   1. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to take into account the existing site conditions, including, but not limited to, environmentally critical areas; wetlands; flood-prone areas; slopes; depth to seasonal high water table; soil type, permeability, and texture; drainage area and drainage patterns; and the presence of solution-prone carbonate rocks (limestone);
   2. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to minimize maintenance, facilitate maintenance and repairs, and ensure proper functioning. Trash racks shall be installed at the intake to the outlet structure, as appropriate, and shall have
parallel bars with one-inch spacing between the bars to the elevation of the water quality design storm. For elevations higher than the water quality design storm, the parallel bars at the outlet structure shall be spaced no greater than one-third the width of the diameter of the orifice or one-third the width of the weir, with a minimum spacing between bars of one inch and a maximum spacing between bars of six inches. In addition, the design of trash racks must comply with the requirements of Section 212.8.C.

3. Stormwater management measures shall be designed, constructed, and installed to be strong, durable, and corrosion resistant. Measures that are consistent with the relevant portions of the Residential Site Improvement Standards at N.J.A.C. 5:21-7.3, 7.4, and 7.5 shall be deemed to meet this requirement;

4. Stormwater management BMPs shall be designed to meet the minimum safety standards for stormwater management BMPs at Section 212.8; and

5. The size of the orifice at the intake to the outlet from the stormwater management BMP shall be a minimum of two and one-half inches in diameter.

J. Manufactured treatment devices may be used to meet the requirements of this subchapter, provided the pollutant removal rates are verified by the New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology and certified by the Department. Manufactured treatment devices that do not meet the definition of green infrastructure at Section 212.2 may be used only under the circumstances described at Section 212.4.O.4.

K. Any application for a new agricultural development that meets the definition of major development at Section 212.2 shall be submitted to the Soil Conservation District for review and approval in accordance with the requirements at Sections 212.4.O, P, Q and R and any applicable Soil Conservation District guidelines for stormwater runoff quantity and erosion control. For purposes of this subsection, "agricultural development" means land uses normally associated with the production of food, fiber, and livestock for sale. Such uses do not include the development of land for the processing or sale of food and the manufacture of agriculturally related products.

L. If there is more than one drainage area, the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section 212.4.P, Q and R shall be met in each drainage area, unless the runoff from the drainage areas converge onsite and no adverse environmental impact would occur as a result of compliance with any one or more of the individual standards being determined utilizing a weighted average of the results achieved for that individual standard across the affected drainage areas.

M. Any stormwater management measure authorized under the municipal stormwater management plan or ordinance shall be reflected in a deed notice recorded in the Office of the Bergen County Clerk. A form of deed notice shall be submitted to the
A form of deed notice shall be submitted to the municipality for approval prior to filing. The deed notice shall contain a description of the stormwater management measure(s) used to meet the green infrastructure, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section 212.4.O, P, Q, and R and shall identify the location of the stormwater management measure(s) in NAD 1983 State Plane New Jersey FIPS 2900 US Feet or Latitude and Longitude in decimal degrees. The deed notice shall also reference the maintenance plan required to be recorded upon the deed pursuant to Section 212.10.B.5. Prior to the commencement of construction, proof that the above required deed notice has been filed shall be submitted to the municipality. Proof that the required information has been recorded on the deed shall be in the form of either a copy of the complete recorded document or a receipt from the clerk or other proof of recordation provided by the recording office. However, if the initial proof provided to the municipality is not a copy of the complete recorded document, a copy of the complete recorded document shall be provided to the municipality within 180 calendar days of the authorization granted by the municipality.

N. A stormwater management measure approved under the municipal stormwater management plan or ordinance may be altered or replaced with the approval of the municipality, if the municipality determines that the proposed alteration or replacement meets the design and performance standards pursuant to Section 212.4 of this ordinance and provides the same level of stormwater management as the previously approved stormwater management measure that is being altered or replaced. If an alteration or replacement is approved, a revised deed notice shall be submitted to the municipality for approval and subsequently recorded with the Office of the Bergen County Clerk and shall contain a description and location of the stormwater management measure, as well as reference to the maintenance plan, in accordance with M above. Prior to the commencement of construction, proof that the above required deed notice has been filed shall be submitted to the municipality in accordance with M above.

O. Green Infrastructure Standards

1. This subsection specifies the types of green infrastructure BMPs that may be used to satisfy the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards.

2. To satisfy the groundwater recharge and stormwater runoff quality standards at Section 212.4.P and Q, the design engineer shall utilize green infrastructure BMPs identified in Table 1 at Section 212.4.F. and/or an alternative stormwater management measure approved in accordance with Section 212.4.G. The following green infrastructure BMPs are subject to the following maximum contributory drainage area limitations:
### Minutes May 11, 2020 Council Meeting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Best Management Practice</th>
<th>Maximum Contributory Drainage Area</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dry Well</td>
<td>1 acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufactured Treatment Device</td>
<td>2.5 acres</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pervious Pavement Systems</td>
<td>Area of additional inflow cannot exceed three times the area occupied by the BMP</td>
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<tr>
<td>Small-scale Bioretention Systems</td>
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<td>Small-scale Infiltration Basin</td>
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<tr>
<td>Small-scale Sand Filter</td>
<td>2.5 acres</td>
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</table>

3. To satisfy the stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section 212.4.R, the design engineer shall utilize BMPs from Table 1 or from Table 2 and/or an alternative stormwater management measure approved in accordance with Section 212.4.G.

4. If a variance in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.6 or a waiver from strict compliance in accordance with Section 212.4.D is granted from the requirements of this subsection, then BMPs from Table 1, 2, or 3, and/or an alternative stormwater management measure approved in accordance with Section 212.4.G may be used to meet the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section 212.4.P, Q and R.

5. For separate or combined storm sewer improvement projects, such as sewer separation, undertaken by a government agency or public utility (for example, a sewerage company), the requirements of this subsection shall only apply to areas owned in fee simple by the government agency or utility, and areas within a right-of-way or easement held or controlled by the government agency or utility; the entity shall not be required to obtain additional property or property rights to fully satisfy the requirements of this subsection. Regardless of the amount of area of a separate or combined storm sewer improvement project subject to the green infrastructure requirements of this subsection, each project shall fully comply with the applicable groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality control, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section 212.4.P, Q and R, unless the project is granted a waiver from strict compliance in accordance with Section 212.4.D.

**P. Groundwater Recharge Standards**

1. This subsection contains the minimum design and performance standards for groundwater recharge as follows:

2. The design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff and groundwater recharge calculations at Section 212.5, either:

   i. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the site and its stormwater management measures maintain 100 percent of the average annual pre-construction groundwater recharge volume for the site; or

   ii. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increase of stormwater runoff volume from pre-construction to post-construction for the 2-year storm is infiltrated.

3. This groundwater recharge requirement does not apply to projects within the “urban redevelopment area,” or to projects subject to 4 below.

4. The following types of stormwater shall not be recharged:

   i. Stormwater from areas of high pollutant loading. High pollutant loading areas are areas in industrial and commercial developments where solvents and/or petroleum products are loaded/unloaded, stored, or applied, areas where pesticides are loaded/unloaded or stored; areas where hazardous materials are expected to be present in greater than “reportable quantities” as defined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR 302.4; areas where recharge would be inconsistent with Department approved remedial action work plan or landfill closure plan and areas with
high risks for spills of toxic materials, such as gas stations and vehicle maintenance facilities; and

ii. Industrial stormwater exposed to “source material.” “Source material” means any material(s) or machinery, located at an industrial facility, that is directly or indirectly related to process, manufacturing or other industrial activities, which could be a source of pollutants in any industrial stormwater discharge to groundwater. Source materials include, but are not limited to, raw materials; intermediate products; final products; waste materials; by-products; industrial machinery and fuels, and lubricants, solvents, and detergents that are related to process, manufacturing, or other industrial activities that are exposed to stormwater.

Q. Stormwater Runoff Quality Standards

1. This subsection contains the minimum design and performance standards to control stormwater runoff quality impacts of major development. Stormwater runoff quality standards are applicable when the major development results in an increase of one-quarter acre or more of regulated motor vehicle surface.

2. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to reduce the post-construction load of total suspended solids (TSS) in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality design storm as follows:

   i. Eighty percent TSS removal of the anticipated load, expressed as an annual average shall be achieved for the stormwater runoff from the net increase of motor vehicle surface.
ii. If the surface is considered regulated motor vehicle surface because the water quality treatment for an area of motor vehicle surface that is currently receiving water quality treatment either by vegetation or soil, by an existing stormwater management measure, or by treatment at a wastewater treatment plant is to be modified or removed, the project shall maintain or increase the existing TSS removal of the anticipated load expressed as an annual average.

3. The requirement to reduce TSS does not apply to any stormwater runoff in a discharge regulated under a numeric effluent limitation for TSS imposed under the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) rules, N.J.A.C. 7:14A, or in a discharge specifically exempt under a NJPDES permit from this requirement. Every major development, including any that discharge into a combined sewer system, shall comply with 2 above, unless the major development is itself subject to a NJPDES permit with a numeric effluent limitation for TSS or the NJPDES permit to which the major development is subject exempts the development from a numeric effluent limitation for TSS.

4. The water quality design storm is 1.25 inches of rainfall in two hours. Water quality calculations shall take into account the distribution of rain from the water quality design storm, as reflected in Table 4, below. The calculation of the volume of runoff may take into account the implementation of stormwater management measures.
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<th>Time (Minutes)</th>
<th>Cumulative Rainfall (Inches)</th>
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</table>
5. If more than one BMP in series is necessary to achieve the required 80 percent TSS reduction for a site, the applicant shall utilize the following formula to calculate TSS reduction:

\[ R = \frac{A \times B - (A \times B)}{100}, \]

Where

- \( R \) = total TSS Percent Load Removal from application of both BMPs, and
- \( A \) = the TSS Percent Removal Rate applicable to the first BMP
- \( B \) = the TSS Percent Removal Rate applicable to the second BMP.

6. Stormwater management measures shall also be designed to reduce, to the maximum extent feasible, the post-construction nutrient load of the anticipated load from the developed site in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality design storm. In achieving reduction of nutrients to the maximum extent feasible, the design of the site shall include green infrastructure BMPs that optimize nutrient removal while still achieving the performance standards in Section 212.4.P, Q and R.

7. In accordance with the definition of FW1 at N.J.A.C. 7:9B-1.4, stormwater management measures shall be designed to prevent any increase in stormwater runoff to waters classified as FW1.

8. The Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:13-4.1(c)(1) establish 300-foot riparian zones along Category One waters, as designated in the Surface Water Quality Standards at N.J.A.C. 7:9B, and certain upstream tributaries to Category One waters. A person shall not undertake a major development that is located within or discharges into a 300-foot riparian zone without prior authorization from the Department under N.J.A.C. 7:13.

9. Pursuant to the Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:13-11.2(j)(3), runoff from the water quality design storm that is discharged within a 300-foot riparian zone shall be treated in accordance with this subsection to reduce the post-construction load of total suspended solids by 95 percent of the anticipated load from the developed site, expressed as an annual average.

10. This stormwater runoff quality standards do not apply to the construction of one individual single-family dwelling, provided that it is not part of a larger development or subdivision that has received preliminary or final site plan approval prior to December 3, 2018, and that the motor vehicle surfaces are made of permeable material(s) such as gravel, dirt, and/or shells.

R. Stormwater Runoff Quantity Standards

1. This subsection contains the minimum design and performance standards to control stormwater runoff quantity impacts of major development.

2. In order to control stormwater runoff quantity impacts, the design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff calculations at Section 212.5, complete one of the following:
i. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that for stormwater leaving the site, post-construction runoff hydrographs for the 2-, 10-, and 100-year storm events do not exceed, at any point in time, the pre-construction runoff hydrographs for the same storm events;

ii. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that there is no increase, as compared to the pre-construction condition, in the peak runoff rates of stormwater leaving the site for the 2-, 10- and 100-year storm events and that the increased volume or change in timing of stormwater runoff will not increase flood damage at or downstream of the site. This analysis shall include the analysis of impacts of existing land uses and projected land uses assuming full development under existing zoning and land use ordinances in the drainage area;

iii. Design stormwater management measures so that the post-construction peak runoff rates for the 2-, 10- and 100-year storm events are 50, 75 and 80 percent, respectively, of the pre-construction peak runoff rates. The percentages apply only to the post-construction stormwater runoff that is attributable to the portion of the site on which the proposed development or project is to be constructed; or

iv. In tidal flood hazard areas, stormwater runoff quantity analysis in accordance with 2.i, ii and iii above is required unless the design engineer demonstrates through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increased volume, change in timing, or increased rate of the stormwater runoff, or any combination of the three will not result in additional flood damage below the point of discharge of the major development. No analysis is required if the stormwater is discharged directly into any ocean, bay, inlet, or the reach of any watercourse between its confluence with an ocean, bay, or inlet and downstream of the first water control structure.

3. The stormwater runoff quantity standards shall be applied at the site’s boundary to each abutting lot, roadway, watercourse, or receiving storm sewer system.

212.5 Calculation of Stormwater Runoff and Groundwater Recharge:

A. Stormwater runoff shall be calculated in accordance with the following:

1. The design engineer shall calculate runoff using one of the following methods:

   i. The USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) methodology, including the NRCS Runoff Equation and Dimensionless Unit Hydrograph, as described in Chapters 7, 9, 10, 15 and 16 Part 630, Hydrology National Engineering Handbook, incorporated herein by reference as amended and supplemented. This methodology is additionally described in Technical Release 55 - Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds (TR-55), dated June 1986,
incorporated herein by reference as amended and supplemented. Information regarding the methodology is available from the Natural Resources Conservation Service website at:


or at United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, 220 Davison Avenue, Somerset, New Jersey 08873; or

i. The Rational Method for peak flow and the Modified Rational Method for hydrograph computations. The rational and modified rational methods are described in "Appendix A-9 Modified Rational Method" in the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey, January 2014. This document is available from the State Soil Conservation Committee or any of the Soil Conservation Districts listed at N.J.A.C. 2:90-1.3(a)3. The location, address, and telephone number for each Soil Conservation District is available from the State Soil Conservation Committee, PO Box 330, Trenton, New Jersey 08625. The document is also available at:


2. For the purpose of calculating runoff coefficients and groundwater recharge, there is a presumption that the pre-construction condition of a site or portion thereof is a wooded land use with good hydrologic condition. The term “runoff coefficient” applies to both the NRCS methodology above at Section 212.5.A.1.i and the Rational and Modified Rational Methods at Section 212.5.A.1.ii. A runoff coefficient or a groundwater recharge land cover for an existing condition may be used on all or a portion of the site if the design engineer verifies that the hydrologic condition has existed on the site or portion of the site for at least five years without interruption prior to the time of application. If more than one land cover have existed on the site during the five years immediately prior to the time of application, the land cover with the lowest runoff potential shall be used for the computations. In addition, there is the presumption that the site is in good hydrologic condition (if the land use type is pasture, lawn, or park), with good cover (if the land use type is woods), or with good hydrologic condition and conservation treatment (if the land use type is cultivation).

3. In computing pre-construction stormwater runoff, the design engineer shall account for all significant land features and structures, such as ponds, wetlands, depressions, hedgerows, or culverts, that may reduce pre-construction stormwater runoff rates and volumes.

4. In computing stormwater runoff from all design storms, the design engineer shall consider the relative stormwater runoff rates and/or volumes of pervious and impervious surfaces separately to accurately compute the rates and volume of
stormwater runoff from the site. To calculate runoff from unconnected impervious cover, urban impervious area modifications as described in the NRCS Technical Release 55 – Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds or other methods may be employed.

5. If the invert of the outlet structure of a stormwater management measure is below the flood hazard design flood elevation as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:13, the design engineer shall take into account the effects of tailwater in the design of structural stormwater management measures.

B. Groundwater recharge may be calculated in accordance with the following:


or at New Jersey Geological and Water Survey, 29 Arctic Parkway, PO Box 420 Mail Code 29-01, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420.

212.6 Sources for Technical Guidance:

A. Technical guidance for stormwater management measures can be found in the documents listed below, which are available to download from the Department’s website at:


1. Guidelines for stormwater management measures are contained in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, as amended and supplemented. Information is provided on stormwater management measures such as, but not limited to, those listed in Tables 1, 2, and 3.

2. Additional maintenance guidance is available on the Department’s website at:


B. Submissions required for review by the Department should be mailed to:

The Division of Water Quality, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Mail Code 401-02B, PO Box 420, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420.
212.7 Solids and Floatable Materials Control Standards:

A. Site design features identified under Section 212.4.F above, or alternative designs in accordance with Section 212.4.G above, to prevent discharge of trash and debris from drainage systems shall comply with the following standard to control passage of solid and floatable materials through storm drain inlets. For purposes of this paragraph, “solid and floatable materials” means sediment, debris, trash, and other floating, suspended, or settleable solids. For exemptions to this standard see Section 212.7.A.2 below.

1. Design engineers shall use one of the following grates whenever they use a grate in pavement or another ground surface to collect stormwater from that surface into a storm drain or surface water body under that grate:
   
i. The New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) bicycle safe grate, which is described in Chapter 2.4 of the NJDOT Bicycle Compatible Roadways and Bikeways Planning and Design Guidelines; or
   
ii. A different grate, if each individual clear space in that grate has an area of no more than seven (7.0) square inches, or is no greater than 0.5 inches across the smallest dimension.

   Examples of grates subject to this standard include grates in grate inlets, the grate portion (non-curb-opening portion) of combination inlets, grates on storm sewer manholes, ditch grates, trench grates, and grates of spacer bars in slotted drains. Examples of ground surfaces include surfaces of roads (including bridges), driveways, parking areas, bikeways, plazas, sidewalks, lawns, fields, open channels, and stormwater system floors used to collect stormwater from the surface into a storm drain or surface water body.

   iii. For curb-opening inlets, including curb-opening inlets in combination inlets, the clear space in that curb opening, or each individual clear space if the curb opening has two or more clear spaces, shall have an area of no more than seven (7.0) square inches, or be no greater than two (2.0) inches across the smallest dimension.

2. The standard in A.1. above does not apply:
   
i. Where each individual clear space in the curb opening in existing curb-opening inlet does not have an area of more than nine (9.0) square inches;
   
ii. Where the municipality agrees that the standards would cause inadequate hydraulic performance that could not practicably be overcome by using additional or larger storm drain inlets;
   
iii. Where flows from the water quality design storm as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:8 are conveyed through any device (e.g., end of pipe netting facility, manufactured treatment device, or a catch basin hood) that is designed, at a minimum, to
prevent delivery of all solid and floatable materials that could not pass through one of the following:

a. A rectangular space four and five-eighths (4.625) inches long and one and one-half (1.5) inches wide (this option does not apply for outfall netting facilities); or

b. A bar screen having a bar spacing of 0.5 inches.

Note that these exemptions do not authorize any infringement of requirements in the Residential Site Improvement Standards for bicycle safe grates in new residential development (N.J.A.C. 5:21-4.18(b)2 and 7.4(b)1).

iv. Where flows are conveyed through a trash rack that has parallel bars with one-inch (1 inch) spacing between the bars, to the elevation of the Water Quality Design Storm as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:8; or

v. Where the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection determines, pursuant to the New Jersey Register of Historic Places Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:4-7.2(c), that action to meet this standard is an undertaking that constitutes an encroachment or will damage or destroy the New Jersey Register listed historic property.

212.8 Safety Standards for Stormwater Management Basins:

A. This section sets forth requirements to protect public safety through the proper design and operation of stormwater management BMPs. This section applies to any new stormwater management BMP.

B. The provisions of this section are not intended to preempt more stringent municipal or county safety requirements for new or existing stormwater management BMPs. Municipal and county stormwater management plans and ordinances may, pursuant to their authority, require existing stormwater management BMPs to be retrofitted to meet one or more of the safety standards in Section 212.8.C.1, 212.8.C.2, and 212.8.C.3 for trash racks, overflow grates, and escape provisions at outlet structures.

C. Requirements for Trash Racks, Overflow Grates and Escape Provisions

1. A trash rack is a device designed to catch trash and debris and prevent the clogging of outlet structures. Trash racks shall be installed at the intake to the outlet from the Stormwater management BMP to ensure proper functioning of the BMP outlets in accordance with the following:

   i. The trash rack shall have parallel bars, with no greater than six-inch spacing between the bars;

   ii. The trash rack shall be designed so as not to adversely affect the hydraulic performance of the outlet pipe or structure;
iii. The average velocity of flow through a clean trash rack is not to exceed 2.5 feet per second under the full range of stage and discharge. Velocity is to be computed on the basis of the net area of opening through the rack; and

iv. The trash rack shall be constructed of rigid, durable, and corrosion resistant material and designed to withstand a perpendicular live loading of 300 pounds per square foot.

2. An overflow grate is designed to prevent obstruction of the overflow structure. If an outlet structure has an overflow grate, such grate shall meet the following requirements:

   i. The overflow grate shall be secured to the outlet structure but removable for emergencies and maintenance.
   
   ii. The overflow grate spacing shall be no less than two inches across the smallest dimension

   iii. The overflow grate shall be constructed and installed to be rigid, durable, and corrosion resistant, and shall be designed to withstand a perpendicular live loading of 300 pounds per square foot.

3. Stormwater management BMPs shall include escape provisions as follows:

   i. If a stormwater management BMP has an outlet structure, escape provisions shall be incorporated in or on the structure. Escape provisions include the installation of permanent ladders, steps, rungs, or other features that provide easily accessible means of egress from stormwater management BMPs. With the prior approval of the municipality pursuant to 212.8.C, a free-standing outlet structure may be exempted from this requirement;

   ii. Safety ledges shall be constructed on the slopes of all new stormwater management BMPs having a permanent pool of water deeper than two and one-half feet. Safety ledges shall be comprised of two steps. Each step shall be four to six feet in width. One step shall be located approximately two and one-half feet below the permanent water surface, and the second step shall be located one to one and one-half feet above the permanent water surface. See VIII.E for an illustration of safety ledges in a stormwater management BMP; and

   iii. In new stormwater management BMPs, the maximum interior slope for an earthen dam, embankment, or berm shall not be steeper than three horizontal to one vertical.

D. Variance or Exemption from Safety Standard

   A variance or exemption from the safety standards for stormwater management BMPs may be granted only upon a written finding by the municipality that the variance or exemption will not constitute a threat to public safety.
E. Safety Ledge Illustration

Elevation View – Basin Safety Ledge Configuration

NOTE: Only For Basins with Permanent Pool of Water

212.9 Requirements for a Site Development Stormwater Plan:

A. Submission of Site Development Stormwater Plan

1. Whenever an applicant seeks municipal approval of a development subject to this ordinance, the applicant shall submit all of the required components of the Checklist for the Site Development Stormwater Plan at Section 212.9.C below as part of the submission of the application for approval.

2. The applicant shall demonstrate that the project meets the standards set forth in this ordinance.

3. The applicant shall submit [specify number] copies of the materials listed in the checklist for site development stormwater plans in accordance with Section 212.9.C of this ordinance.

B. Site Development Stormwater Plan Approval

The applicant's Site Development project shall be reviewed as a part of the review process by the municipal board or official from which municipal approval is sought. That municipal board or official shall consult the municipality’s review engineer to determine if all of the checklist requirements have been satisfied and to determine if the project meets the standards set forth in this ordinance.
C. Submission of Site Development Stormwater Plan

The following information shall be required:

1. Topographic Base Map

   The reviewing engineer may require upstream tributary drainage system information as necessary. It is recommended that the topographic base map of the site be submitted which extends a minimum of 200 feet beyond the limits of the proposed development, at a scale of 1"=200' or greater, showing 2-foot contour intervals. The map as appropriate may indicate the following: existing surface water drainage, shorelines, steep slopes, soils, erodible soils, perennial or intermittent streams that drain into or upstream of the Category One waters, wetlands and flood plains along with their appropriate buffer strips, marshlands and other wetlands, pervious or vegetative surfaces, existing man-made structures, roads, bearing and distances of property lines, and significant natural and man-made features not otherwise shown.

2. Environmental Site Analysis

   A written and graphic description of the natural and man-made features of the site and its surroundings should be submitted. This description should include a discussion of soil conditions, slopes, wetlands, waterways and vegetation on the site. Particular attention should be given to unique, unusual, or environmentally sensitive features and to those that provide particular opportunities or constraints for development.

3. Project Description and Site Plans

   A map (or maps) at the scale of the topographical base map indicating the location of existing and proposed buildings roads, parking areas, utilities, structural facilities for stormwater management and sediment control, and other permanent structures. The map(s) shall also clearly show areas where alterations will occur in the natural terrain and cover, including lawns and other landscaping, and seasonal high groundwater elevations. A written description of the site plan and justification for proposed changes in natural conditions shall also be provided.

4. Land Use Planning and Source Control Plan

   This plan shall provide a demonstration of how the goals and standards of Sections 212.3 through 212.5 are being met. The focus of this plan shall be to describe how the site is being developed to meet the objective of controlling groundwater recharge, stormwater quality and stormwater quantity problems at the source by land management and source controls whenever possible.
5. Stormwater Management Facilities Map

The following information, illustrated on a map of the same scale as the topographic base map, shall be included:

i. Total area to be disturbed, paved or built upon, proposed surface contours, land area to be occupied by the stormwater management facilities and the type of vegetation thereon, and details of the proposed plan to control and dispose of stormwater.

ii. Details of all stormwater management facility designs, during and after construction, including discharge provisions, discharge capacity for each outlet at different levels of detention and emergency spillway provisions with maximum discharge capacity of each spillway.

6. Calculations

i. Comprehensive hydrologic and hydraulic design calculations for the pre-development and post-development conditions for the design storms specified in Section 212.4 of this ordinance.

ii. When the proposed stormwater management control measures depend on the hydrologic properties of soils or require certain separation from the seasonal high water table, then a soils report shall be submitted. The soils report shall be based on onsite boring logs or soil pit profiles. The number and location of required soil borings or soil pits shall be determined based on what is needed to determine the suitability and distribution of soils present at the location of the control measure.

7. Maintenance and Repair Plan

The design and planning of the stormwater management facility shall meet the maintenance requirements of Section 212.10.

8. Waiver from Submission Requirements

The municipal official or board reviewing an application under this ordinance may, in consultation with the municipality’s review engineer, waive submission of any of the requirements in Section 212.9.C.1 through 212.9.C.6 of this ordinance when it can be demonstrated that the information requested is impossible to obtain or it would create a hardship on the applicant to obtain and its absence will not materially affect the review process.
212.10 Maintenance and Repair:

A. Applicability

Projects subject to review as in Section 212.1.C of this ordinance shall comply with the requirements of Section 212.10.B and 212.10.C.

B. General Maintenance

1. The design engineer shall prepare a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development.

2. The maintenance plan shall contain specific preventative maintenance tasks and schedules; cost estimates, including estimated cost of sediment, debris, or trash removal; and the name, address, and telephone number of the person or persons responsible for preventative and corrective maintenance (including replacement). The plan shall contain information on BMP location, design, ownership, maintenance tasks and frequencies, and other details as specified in Chapter 8 of the NJ BMP Manual, as well as the tasks specific to the type of BMP, as described in the applicable chapter containing design specifics.

3. If the maintenance plan identifies a person other than the property owner (for example, a developer, a public agency or homeowners' association) as having the responsibility for maintenance, the plan shall include documentation of such person's or entity's agreement to assume this responsibility, or of the owner's obligation to dedicate a stormwater management facility to such person under an applicable ordinance or regulation.

4. Responsibility for maintenance shall not be assigned or transferred to the owner or tenant of an individual property in a residential development or project, unless such owner or tenant owns or leases the entire residential development or project. The individual property owner may be assigned incidental tasks, such as weeding of a green infrastructure BMP, provided the individual agrees to assume these tasks; however, the individual cannot be legally responsible for all of the maintenance required.

5. If the party responsible for maintenance identified under Section 212.10.B.3 above is not a public agency, the maintenance plan and any future revisions based on Section 212.10.B.7 below shall be recorded upon the deed of record for each property on which the maintenance described in the maintenance plan must be undertaken.

6. Preventative and corrective maintenance shall be performed to maintain the functional parameters (storage volume, infiltration rates, inflow/outflow capacity, etc.) of the stormwater management measure, including, but not limited to, repairs or replacement to the structure; removal of sediment, debris, or trash; restoration of eroded areas; snow and ice removal; fence repair or replacement; restoration of vegetation; and repair or replacement of non-vegetated linings.

7. The party responsible for maintenance identified under Section 212.10.B.3 above shall perform all of the following requirements:

   i. maintain a detailed log of all preventative and corrective maintenance for the structural stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of the development, including a record of all inspections and copies of all maintenance-related work orders;
   
   ii. evaluate the effectiveness of the maintenance plan at least once per year and adjust the plan and the deed as needed; and
   
   iii. retain and make available, upon request by any public entity with administrative, health, environmental, or safety authority over the site, the maintenance plan and the documentation required by Section 212.10.B.6 and B.7 above.

8. The requirements of Section 212.10.B.3 and B.4 do not apply to stormwater management facilities that are dedicated to and accepted by the municipality or another governmental agency, subject to all applicable municipal stormwater general permit conditions, as issued by the Department. The posting of a two year maintenance guarantee in accordance with
N.J.S.A. 40:55D-53 may be required for all stormwater management facilities dedicated and accepted by the municipality.

9. In the event that the stormwater management facility becomes a danger to public safety or public health, or if it is in need of maintenance or repair, the municipality shall so notify the responsible person in writing. Upon receipt of that notice, the responsible person shall have fourteen (14) days to effect maintenance and repair of the facility in a manner that is approved by the municipal engineer or his designee. The municipality, in its discretion, may extend the time allowed for effecting maintenance and repair for good cause. If the responsible person fails or refuses to perform such maintenance and repair, the municipality or County may immediately proceed to do so and shall bill the cost thereof to the responsible person. Nonpayment of such bill may result in a lien on the property.

10. Maintenance and inspection guidance can be found on the Department’s website at: https://www.njstormwater.org/maintenance_guidance.htm.

C. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the municipality in which the major development is located from requiring the posting of a performance or maintenance guarantee in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40:55D-53

212.11 Penalties:

Any person(s) who erects, constructs, alters, repairs, converts, maintains, or uses any building, structure or land in violation of this ordinance shall be subject to the following penalties:

Any person who violates this section or fails to comply with any of its requirements (including violations of conditions and safeguards established in connection with conditions) shall upon conviction thereof in the Municipal Court be fined not less than five hundred ($500.00) dollars, nor more than one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars or imprisoned for not more than ninety (90) days, or both, for each violation, and in addition shall pay all costs and expenses involved in the case.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Township of River Vale from taking such other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

212.12 Severability:

Each section, subsection, sentence, clause and phrase of this Ordinance is declared to be an independent section, subsection, sentence, clause and phrase, and the finding or holding of any such portion of this Ordinance to be unconstitutional, void, or ineffective for any cause, or reason, shall not affect any other portion of this Ordinance.

212.13 Effective Date:

This Ordinance shall take effect following adoption and approval in a time and manner prescribed by law.

ROLL CALL VOTE

Councilman Ben-Yishay, Councilman Criscuolo, Councilwoman Sieg and Council President Bromberg voted yes. Councilman Donovan was absent.

Ordinances for 2nd Reading and Public Hearing

There were no Ordinances for 2nd Reading.
2nd Hearing of the Public

Motion by Councilwoman Sieg; second by Councilman Ben-Yishay to open the meeting to the public.

There being no questions or comments. Motion by Councilman Criscuolo; second by Councilwoman Sieg to close the meeting to the public.

ADJOURNMENT

Motion by Councilman Criscuolo; second by Councilman Ben-Yishay to adjourn the meeting at 7:47pm.

___________________________________________________________
Council President Mark Bromberg

ATTEST:
Karen Campanelli, Township Clerk